#### TCS - TEG Datasheet - rev A ~ ver 1

### 199 couples: 1.45 mm side / 1.5mm height



#### **Test Conditions**

General Accuracy on temperature difference: ±0.25°C.

Cold-side temperature between 19 °C and 25 °C unless otherwise specified.

Clamping force: between 172kg and 176kg.

Optimum performance is obtained after cycling the device to high temperature to reduce thermal resistances.

All data presented in this datasheet is obtained experimentally

#### **Mechanical and Thermal**

#### **Dimensions:**

40mm x 40mm x 4mm (l x w x h). Wire length each: 150mm.

#### **Wiring Diagram:**



← Black Wire: Negative Connection to load

←Red Wire: Positive Connection to load

**Figure 1 Picture of the TE device.** Hot side labelled as shown on device.

#### **Thermal Resistance:**

The open-circuit thermal resistance is 1.03 °C/W. Note that the effective thermal resistance varies depending on the current generated, e.g., see Figure 6. This is due to the Peltier effect, which is unwanted in power generation mode. The effective thermal resistance reduces considerably with the load current.



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# **Constant Temperature Difference TEG Characteristics**

#### ΔT from 50K to 300K

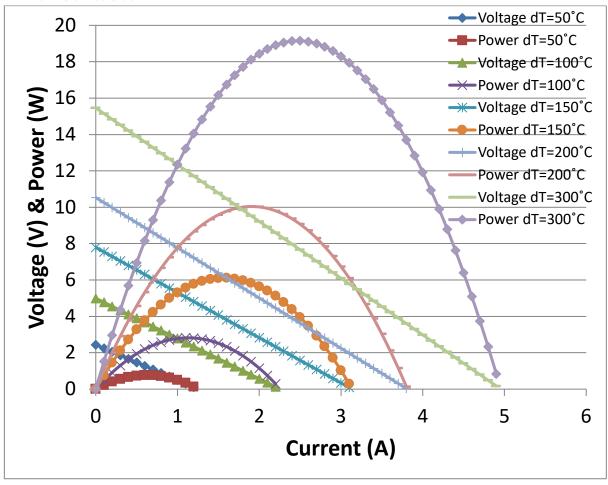


Figure 2 Voltage (V) and Power (W) vs Current (A). See Fig.



#### ΔT=230K, 250K with Tc between 80 and 85 °C

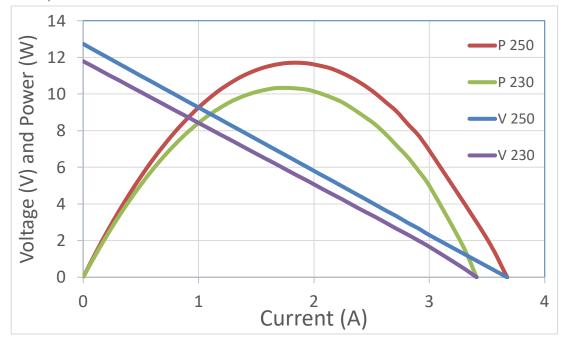


Figure 3 Voltage (V) and Power (W) vs Current (A). Cold-side temperature maintained between 80 and 85 °C.

# Variation of Open-Circuit Voltage with Temperature

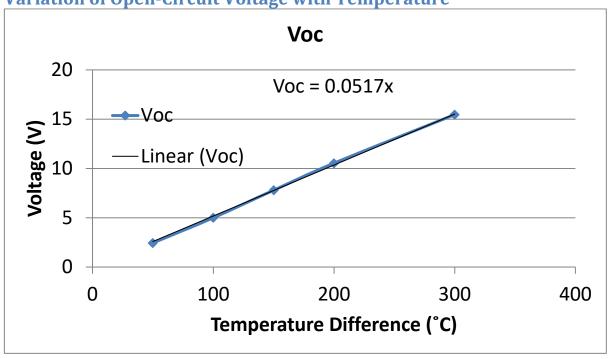
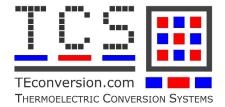


Figure 4 Open-circuit Voltage from the main circuit (Blue) vs temperature difference (°C). The mathematical relationship is also shown.



# Variation of Short-Circuit Current and Internal Resistance with Temperature

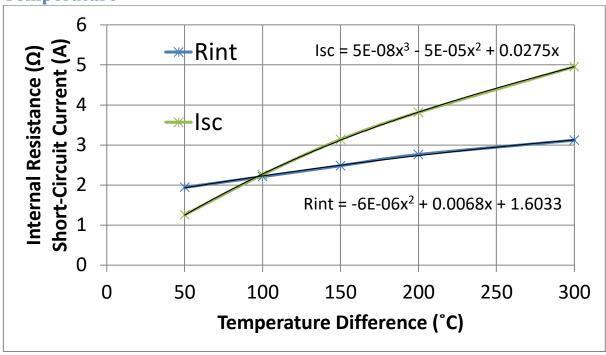
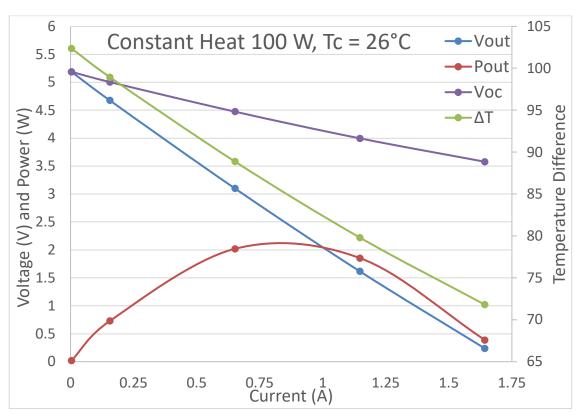
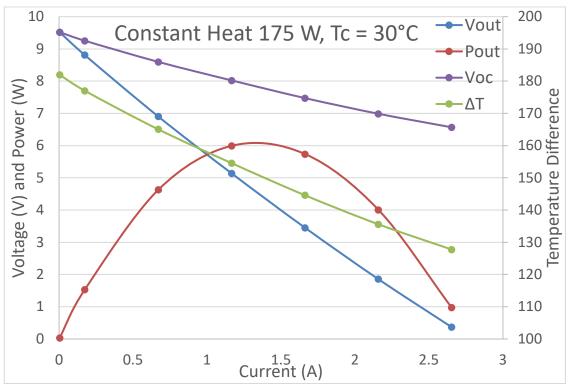


Figure 5 Short-circuit Current (Green) and Internal Resistance (Blue) of the main circuit vs temperature difference (°C). The mathematical relationship is also shown.



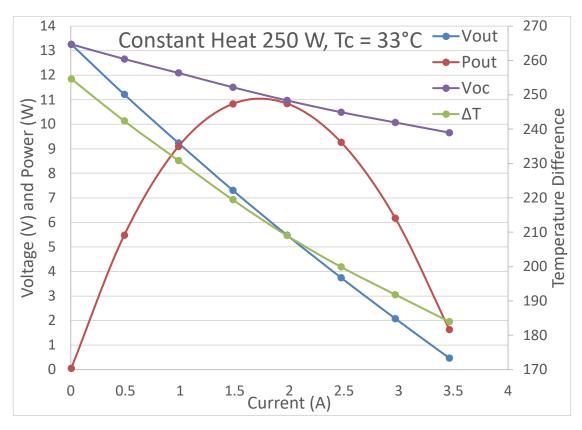
# **Constant Temperature Difference TEG Characteristics**







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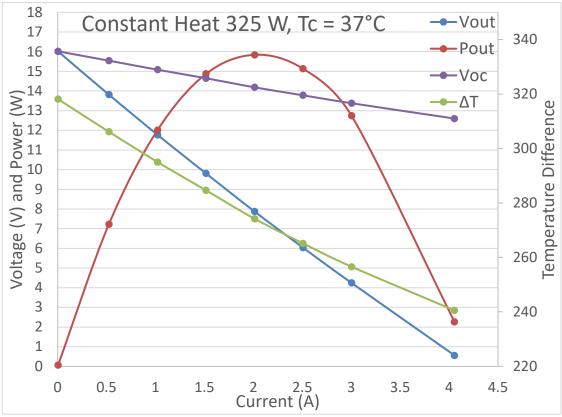


Figure 6 Electrical characteristics for constant heat through the TEG. The temperature difference varies depending on the effective thermal resistance of the TEG. Voc is not measured and related to  $\Delta T$ .



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## **Mounting Considerations**

In order to get the best possible performance from the TEG range of thermoelectric generators correct mounting of the device in the thermal system is essential. The following general guidelines should be followed:

- The hot- and cold-side heat exchangers should be flat (< 0.05mm) and polished for heat transfer (roughness <  $1\mu$ m). Both surfaces should be parallel to one another.
- The recommended clamping pressure is 1.1MPa (175kg for a 40x40mm module)
- The clamping force should be applied evenly across the surface of the module. The
  use of Belleville or Thackery washers is recommended for torqued fixings to ensure
  the clamping force does not vary over the operating temperature range of the heat
  exchangers.
- Avoid introducing thermal short-circuits with the clamping mechanism. This may substantially reduce module power output and decrease system efficiency.
- Graphite coating offers the best long-term performance since it does not dry out at high temperature. Modules are available without a graphite coating if thermal grease is to be used. This offers a slight (< 3%) reduction in output power but with a half the clamping pressure.
- Gap fillers with a thermal conductivity of < 2W/m.K are not recommended and are likely to lead to significantly reduced output power.

# **Typical Applications**

The TCS TEG range of thermoelectric power generation (TEG) modules is intended for use where high power output is required when the cold-side temperature is higher than for typical TEG systems. The modules also feature a continuous hot-side maximum temperature of up to 340°C with short-term transients of up to 400°C. Typical applications include:

- Automotive: exhaust gas energy recovery systems,
- **Domestic:** direct-contact stove power generators,
- Industrial and Aerospace: radiant heat or exhaust systems,
- Space: Radioisotope Thermoelectric Generator (RTGs),
- Other combustion-type appliances.



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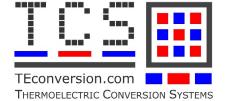
# **Thermal Cycling Test**

The TEG device was tested under thermal and electrical cycles for 30h of continuous operation. The hot-side temperature was cycled between 75 and 235 °C. The electrical load was varied between open-circuit and short-circuit conditions.

During this test, the variations recorded between maximum and minimum values obtained at identical thermal conditions are:

	Open-Circuit Voltage	Short-Circuit Current	Maximum Power
ΔT = 50°C	0.53%	0.25%	1.35%
ΔT = 100°C	0.30%	0.31%	0.59%
ΔT = 150°C	0.40%	0.48%	0.46%
ΔT = 200°C	0.05%	0.72%	0.19%

It should be noted that during the test performance did not degrade. Some values were greater during later tests.



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#### Individual I-V,P Characteristics at Constant ΔT

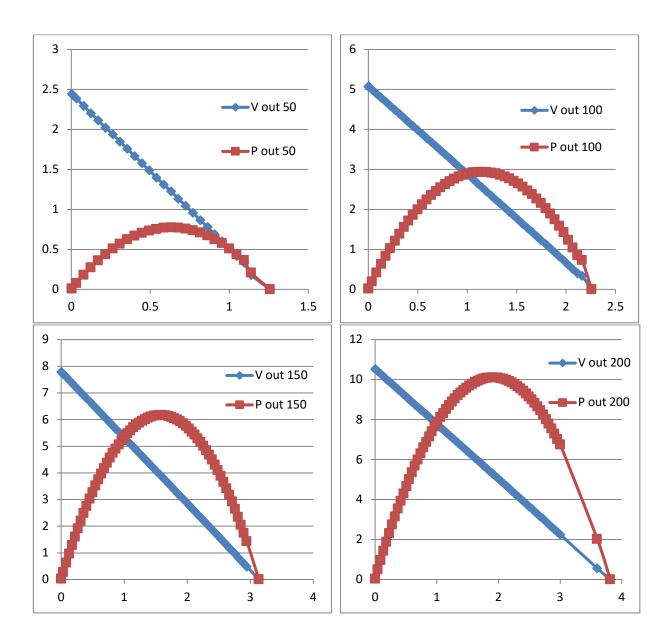


Figure 7 Individual plots for  $\Delta T$  = 50, 100, 150, 200 degrees Celsius. Voltage (V, Blue) and Power (W, Red) versus Current (A).

These data were measured on TCS automated test measurement system for thermoelectric devices. TCS cannot guarantee that same performance will be obtained on the customer's system. TCS reserves the right at any time without notice to change any specification and performance is subject to change without prior notice. TCS does not assume any responsibility for use of any device described. This TCS product is not authorised for use as critical component in life support devices.

